

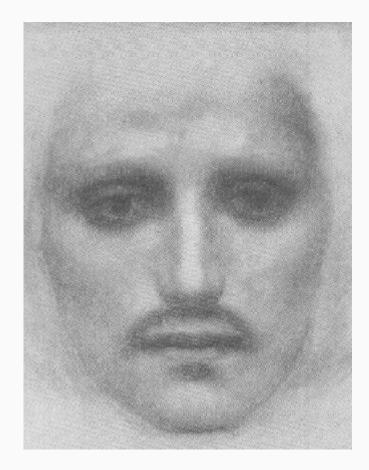
Shaping the Future of Digitization , Talent & Work in the MENA region Digital skills for Arabic speakers everywhere

Selim J. Eddé

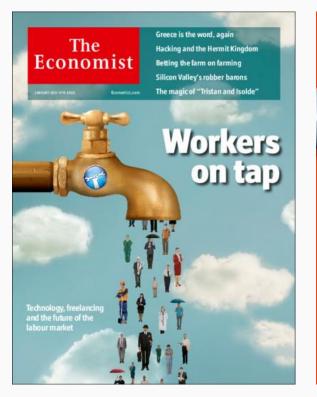
Head of Public Policy & Government Relations, MENA, Google

"You work that you may keep pace with the earth and the soul of the earth. For to be idle is to become a stranger unto the seasons, and to step out of life's procession, that marches in majesty and proud submission towards the infinite."

Gibran Khalil Gibran











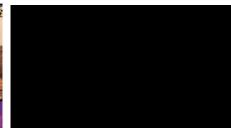






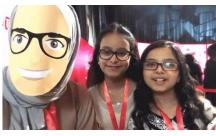






















ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Deep blue beats world Chess Champion Garry Kasparov.





A computer beats two world Jeopardy champions.

Districtions,	NCIONEN	ENGLISH DOTIONNEY	NAME THAT	10.000	Street Constant
\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200
\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400
\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600
\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800
\$1000	\$1000	\$1000	\$1000	\$1000	\$1000

MARCH 2016 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE THE INFLECTION POINT

MARCH 2016 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING THE INFLECTION POINT

Al in DeepMind AlphaGo beat a top international Go Champion.

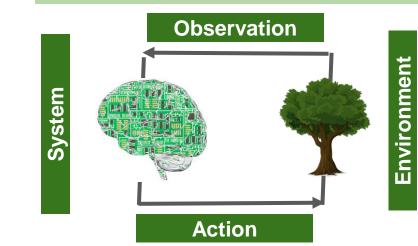


Artificial Intelligence "AI" & Machine Learning "ML" "the science of making machines smart"

- 1- Solve intelligence
- 2- Use intelligence to solve everything else

General Purpose Learning Machine

 Learn: automatically from raw inputnot pre-programmed.
 General: same system operates across a wide set of tasks



General Purpose



VS

Narrow Al

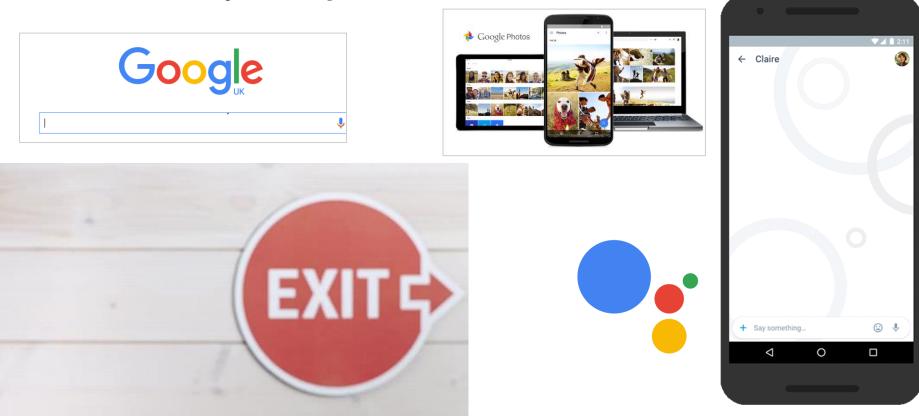


Hi, how can I help?





Machine learning is now a crucial component of almost every Google service





The Economist Topics ✓ Print edition More ✓

Aviation safety Flight response

An artificially intelligent autopilot that learns by example



Errom the print edition | Science and technology >
 Sep 15th 2016

) () () () () () ()

ON JUNE 1st 2009, an Air France airliner travelling from Rio de Janeiro to Paris flew into a mid-Atlantic storm. Ice began forming in the sensors used by the aircraft to measure its airspeed, depriving the autopilot of that vital data. So, by design, the machine switched itself off and ceded control to the pilots. Without knowing their speed, and with no horizon visible in a storm in the dead of night, the crew struggled to cope. Against

The Washington Post

How artificial intelligence could lead to self-healing airplanes

By Dominic Basulto October 6, 2015



The Boeing 787 Dreamliner could be getting an Al upgrade. (Courtesy Boeing/Carnegie Mellon)

A new partnership between aviation giant Boeing and Carnegie Mellon University hints at the power of fields such as artificial intelligence and big data to transform huge, multi-billion-dollar industries. As part of a three-year, \$7.5 million deal that will establish a new Aerospace Data Analytics Lab, Boeing and the Carnegie

 If you've been ignoring the live stream of April the pregnant giraffe, now's the time to tune in

.

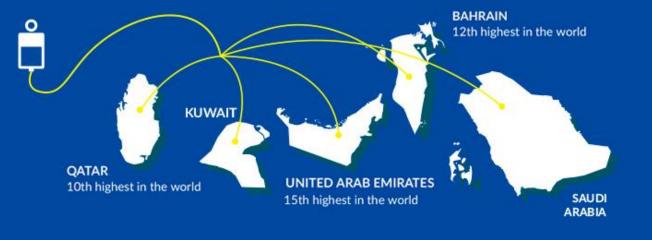
Here's what we know so far about Team Trump's ties to Russian interests



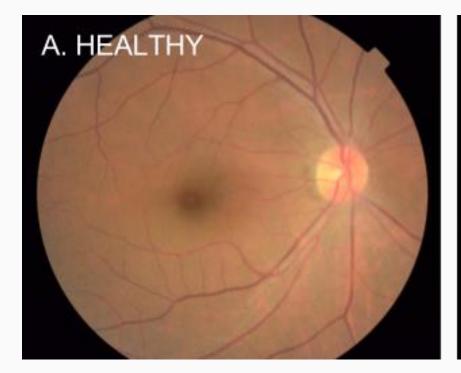


DIABETES

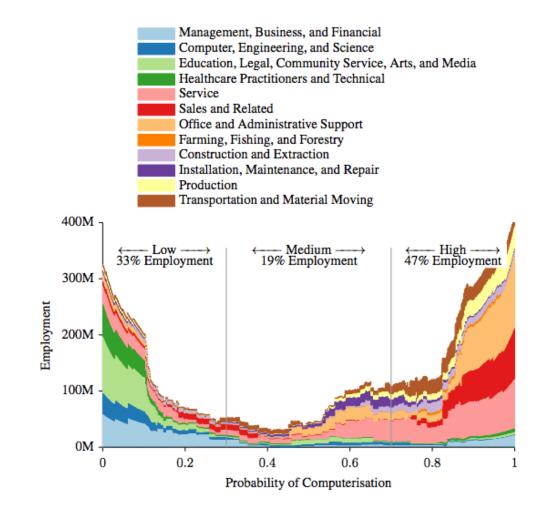
5 OF THE TOP 15 COUNTRIES WITH THE HIGHEST PREVALENCE OF DIABETES ARE IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA



Source : Zurich Life

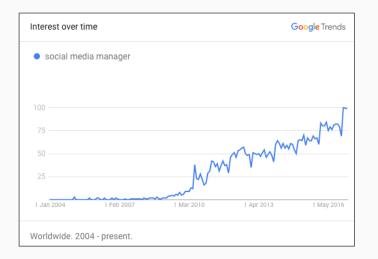


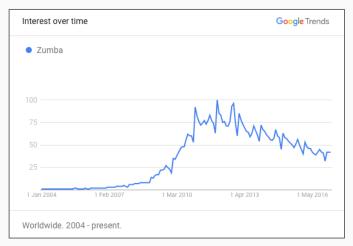


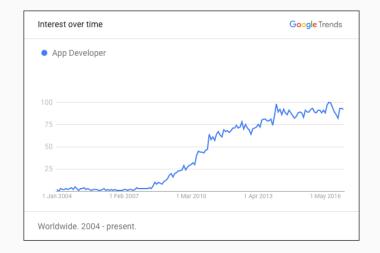


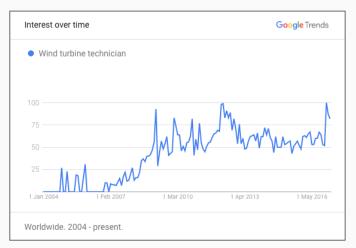
Frey & Osborne "The Future of Employment" In the 21st Century

> 47 % of tasks will be "computerized"









CNN Money us.+

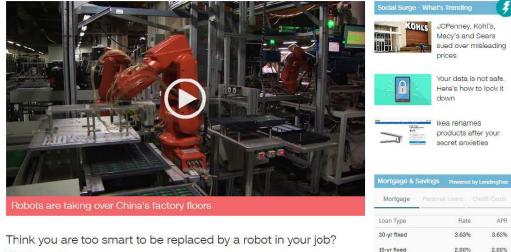
Q stock tickers

Internet of Things

Smart robots could soon steal your job

by Ivana Kottasova @ivanakottasova

(L) January 15, 2016: 1:33 PM ET



5/1 ARM

2 63%

3 4 5%

Think again.

DETROIT — Technological innovation is widely billed as a miracle cure for the United States' economic doldrums. Its aftereffects, however, may be far from benign. The introduction of revolutionary new technologies such as robots — versatile computer-controlled mechanical arms — raise two painful possibilities: sizeable losses of jobs and a deteriorated quality of working life.

The threat of lost jobs, although also dependent on social and economic factors, is especially critical. Auto makers are already buying robots in record numbers, despite a downturn that has resulted in 250,000 indefinite layoffs. Even the faltering Chrysler Corporation has added 128 of these new "recruits" to its work force for the 1981-model year.

But the robot is only one part of a larger computerization that is affecting virtually every productive activity in society from the office to the machine shop. In fact, many white-collar occupations that promised jobs to displaced blue-collar workers in the past are themselves being automated.

In the case of robots, relatively conservative estimates predict that sales in this country will grow at a compound rate of 25 percent a year for the next decade, culminating in annual sales of \$300 million and production of 17,000 robots a year by 1990. While this hardly seems threatening to a manufacturing work force of 20 million people, robots are only one of the labordisplacing technologies being introduced. Moreoever, the employment efdects are culmulative and have a dis-

A Robot Is After Your Job

By Harley Shaiken

proportionate impact on a few key industries. Robots that begin work tomorrow will still be on the job in 1990, giving us a robot population of about 80,000. If 40 percent wind up in the auto industry (compared to 55 percent worldwide today), 32,000 robots could displace more than 100,000 auto workers. In fact, the potential loss of jobs is more serious than these figure indicate. New breakthroughs in robot technology such as "sight" and "feel" mean that each robot could displace far more workers in a decade. In addition, some industry observers feel that companies that sell computers may enter the market, resulting in a robotpopulation explosion in the hundreds of thousands, not tens of thousands,

The quality of working life will also change. While the first generation of robots primarily did such hazardous and hot jobs as welding and foundry work, robots are now being created for jobs where workers have the most control over the pace of work: machine loading and light assembly, among the more desirable production tasks. vasive to assume that enough jobs will automatically be created for the number of people displaced. Economic revitalization no longer means re-employment. And the devastating social cost of unemployment is not reckoned in the savings that technology promises.

Such a socially destructive use of technology need not be inevitable. Jobs for workers displaced and improved working conditions for those who remain ought to be a condition for the introduction of robots. Productivity gains, for example, could translate into a shorter work week at the same pay rather than into fewer jobs. Technology could be designed to enhance human skill and experience rather than make people "interchangeable" with machines. Realistically, these alternatives require worker-union participation in the design and deployment of technology.

The goal, after all, should be a technology that benefits people — not one that destroys them.

Harley Shaiken, a research fellow at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, is completing a book on automation.

Robots' Rise

They Bid for Big Jobs Both in Outer Space And in U.S. Factories

A.M.F. Designs Robot to Send To Moon; G.E. Works on One to Paint New Autos

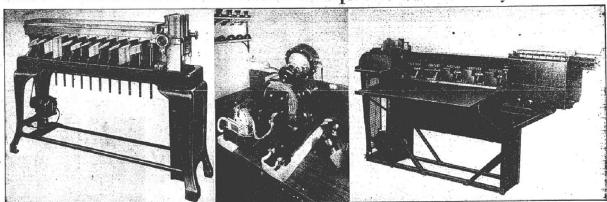
Beetle's Hazardous Mission

BY THOMAS O'TOOLE

Staff Reporter of THE WALL STREET JOURNAL GREENWICH, Conn.—America's first astronaut to reach another planet may have long spidery arms and a bell-shaped head with a window in it.

Such an inhuman-appearing space traveler is not as far-fetched as it seems. Even now the creature-a robot-ns taking shape here at the Greenwich Engineering division laboratories of American Machine & Foundry Co. A.M F. engineers believe their robot, remotely controlled from earth, would be far more useful than a human in exploring outer space-at least until rockets can be made powerful enough to be readily capable of returning home from trips to - the Moon, Mars, Venus of even more distant targets.

Elsewhere around the country in laboratories and on drawing boards, increasing attention is being paid to robots, once regarded as science-fiction characters with little or no practical value. Indeed, most of the robots in use and development today bear little resemblance to the mechanical bipeds popularized by movie makers and cartoonists. But these machines, nevertheless, are true robots-automatic devices that perform human functions, or operate with seemingly human intelligence.



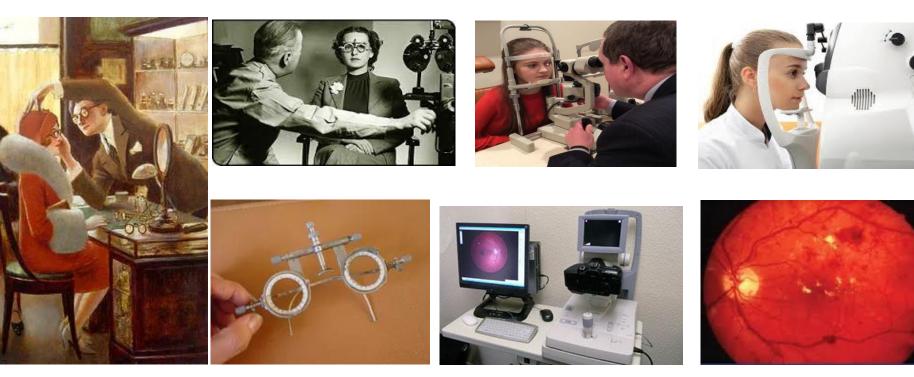
Robot Brains Outdo Man's Mind in Speed and Accuracy of Results

'Thinking Machines' Replace the Thinker

They Predict Tides, Pick Criminals' Fingerprints, Calculate Mathematical Problems, and Perform Amazing Tasks.

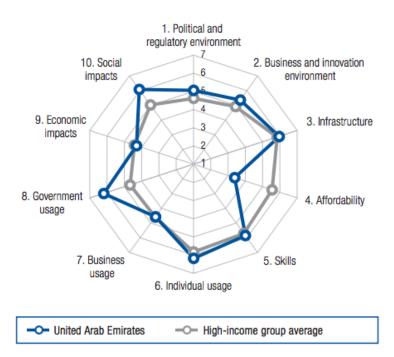
Jason Furman

Optometrist journey



United Arab Emirates

	Rank (out of 139)	Value (1-7)
Networked Readiness Index		()
Networked Readiness Index 2015 (out of 143)		5.3
Networked Readiness Index 2014 (out of 148)		5.2
Networked Readiness Index 2013 (out of 144)		5.1
A. Environment subindex		5.2
1st pillar: Political and regulatory environment		5.1
2nd pillar: Business and innovation environment	13.	5.4
B. Readiness subindex		5.0
3rd pillar: Infrastructure		5.9
4th pillar: Affordability		3.4
5th pillar: Skills		5.8
C. Usage subindex		5.6
6th pillar: Individual usage	19.	6.2
7th pillar: Business usage		4.6
8th pillar: Government usage	2.	6.2
D. Impact subindex		5.2
9th pillar: Economic impacts		4.3
10th pillar: Social impacts	2.	6.1



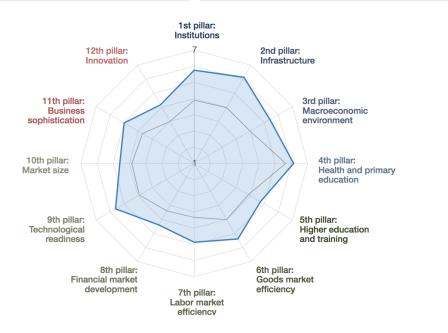
Source : World Economic Forum 2016 - Global Network Readiness Index

United Arab Emirates

17th/137

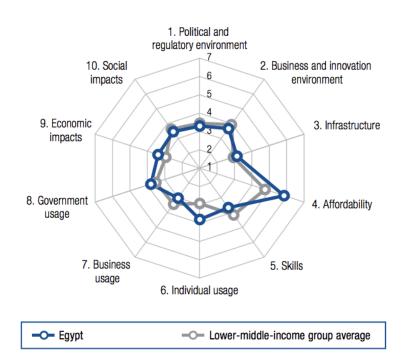
Global Competitiveness Index 2017-2018 edition

Key indicators, 2016	Source: International Monetary Fund; World Economic Outlook Database (April 2017)		
Population millions	9.9 i	GDP per capita US\$	37,677.9 i
GDP US\$ billions	371.4 i	GDP (PPP) % world GDP	0.56 i



Egypt

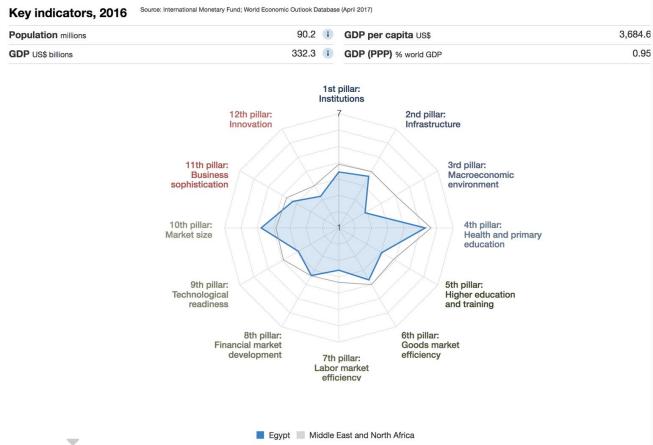
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A. Environment subindex113	3.5
1st pillar: Political and regulatory environment	3.3
2nd pillar: Business and innovation environment113	3.7
B. Readiness subindex	4.2
3rd pillar: Infrastructure	3.1
4th pillar: Affordability	5.8
5th pillar: Skills111	3.7
C. Usage subindex	3.5
6th pillar: Individual usage	3.8
7th pillar: Business usage	3.0
8th pillar: Government usage	3.8
D. Impact subindex 85	3.4
9th pillar: Economic impacts	3.4
10th pillar: Social impacts	3.5



Egypt

100th

Global Competitiveness Index 2017-2018 edition



MENA Talent Competitiveness Index 2017

MENA rankings

*Global GTCI ranking in parentheses

- 1. UAE (overall: 19)
- 2. Qatar (overall: 21)
- 3. Saudi Arabia (overall: 42)
- 4. Bahrain (overall: 47)
- 5. Kuwait (overall: 57)
- 6. Jordan (overall: 58)
- 7. Oman (overall: 59)
- 8. Lebanon (overall: 62)
- 9. Tunisia (overall: 77)
- 10. Egypt (overall: 88)
- 11. Morocco (overall: 96)
- 12. Algeria (overall: 107)

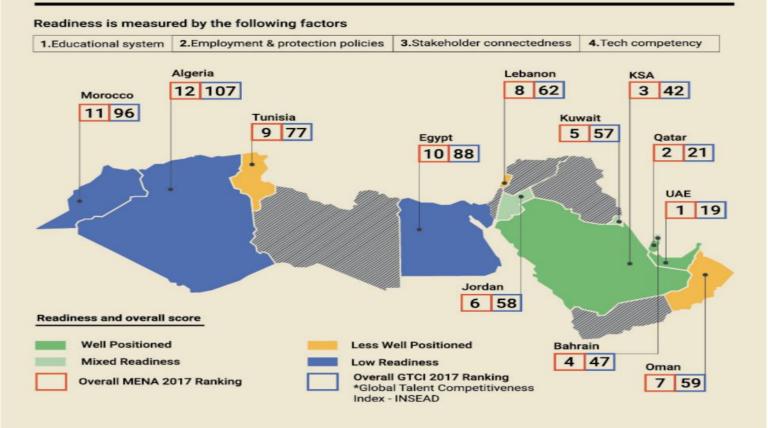


- UAE and Qatar belong to the top 25% of GTCI
- UAE and Qatar excel at Attract
- Countries across MENA have a similar performance in
 Grow but they differ substantially in Attract and Enable

The Talent Competitiveness Index measures countries abilities to: Enable, Retain, Grow, and Retain talent

Source: INSEAD

How ready is MENA for the future of work?



Across Middle East people use internet to find businesses...



of people who need information look to the internet first of internet users in look for basic local information daily

74%

73%

of internet users lose trust when business listing is not accurate

Google Source: Think with Google, Dubai Lynx MENA Showcase 2016

...but they do not find them

Business listings density on Google Maps: MENA 15x lower than EU average



Google Source: Google Surve



Maharat min Google

Digital skills for Arabic speakers everywhere

The Arab world is one of the most youthful regions globally





Unemployment is the biggest concern amongst youth

#مهارات_تك

50% of university graduates are females, yet only 25% of women participate in the workforce



#مهارات_تك

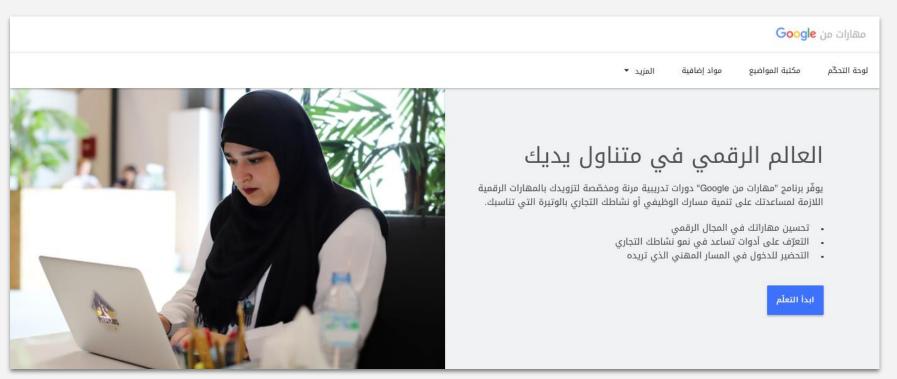
Incremental 2025 global GDP over business-as-usual scenario

Middle East and North Africa	47%
Latin America	34%
East and South Asia (Excluding India)	30%
Sub-Saharan Africa	27%
Eastern Europe and Central Asia	23%
Western Europe	23%
North America and Oceania	19%

Gender parity can bring 47% incremental GDP growth

#مهارات_تك

مهارات من Google <u>g.co/Maharat</u>





#مهارات_تك

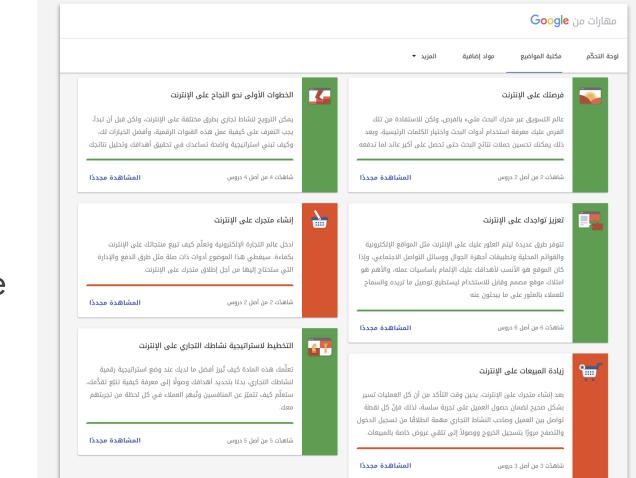
Free, entry-level, platform-inclusive and entirely in Arabic

مهارات من Google \equiv الاستفادة من الإنترنت إلى أقصى حد مع مهارات من Google مهارات من Google توفّر لك إمكانية تنمية مسارك الوظيفي أو نشاطك التجاري بوتيرة تناسبك من خلال دورات تدريبية مرنة ومخصّصة ومصمّمة لبناء وتطوير مهاراتك الرقمية ومساعدتك على الازدهار في العالم الرقمى. تحسين مهاراتك في المجال الرقمي اكتشاف أدوات تساعد في تحقيق النجاح لنشاطك التجارى الاستعداد للمسار الوظيفي الذى تريده ابدأ التعلم

#مهارات_تك

26 Core topics & over 100 lessons

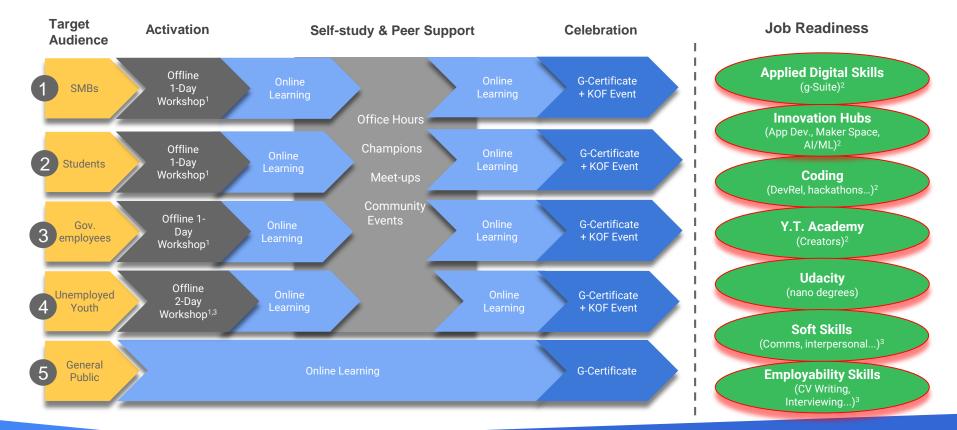
#مهارات_تك



Topics include search engine marketing, social media, e-Commerce and more!

Maharat Program Structure

Google



¹ Selected Maharat Topics appropriate for target audience ² Google Content - online/offline (currently English only) ³ Third Party Content

Digitizing /in progress/

THRIVING IN THE NEW ECONOMY Nuala Beck









THE MENA WINDOW OF OPPORTUNITY - "GROWING YOUNGER"



THE ROLE OF GOVERNMENT

1-POLICIES

2-PLATFORM

3-MINDSET







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Shaping the Future of Work Technology's Role in Employment

A report by: The Economist Corporate Network

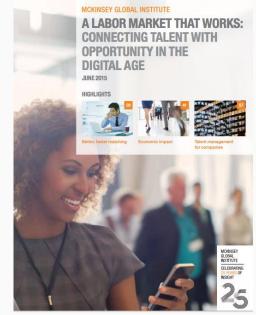


Re-dynamizing the Job Machine

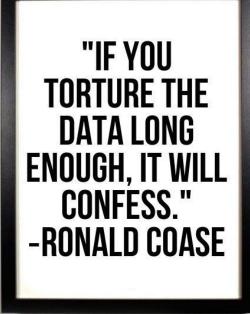


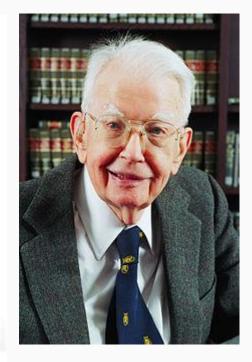
Technology-driven transformation of labor markets in MENA

RESEARCH McKinsey -EIU-INSEAD



Online talent platforms are increasingly connecting people to the right work opportunities. By 2025 they could add \$2.7 trillion to global GDP, and begin to ameliorate many of the persistent problems in the world's labor markets.





"Markets become efficient when the cost of a transaction nears zero" "Google's mission is to organize the world's information and make it universally accessible and useful."

The Internet is for everyone

"A healthy Disregard for the impossible"



Policy Recommendations

1.Educate for Employment

Enable blended learning: online, instructor led, and on-the-job with link to business or private sector

2.Affordable and accessible Internet

Provide high-quality internet access to all

3.Digital First

Digitized government would prompt citizens to improve their net literacy

link to business or private sector

4.Labor market reforms

Enable mobility, life long learning, & make employment in the public sector less attractive

5.Enable SMEs

Facilitate access to markets, coaching, finance, cloud based productivity tools & talent

6.Encourage a culture of risk

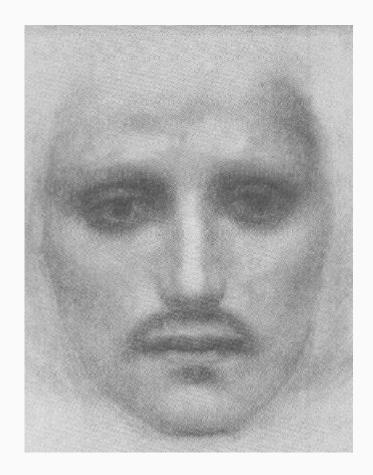
Curb fear of failure through well-regulated transparent national or regional stock exchange(s)

THE CHANGING NATURE OF WORK: PREPARE FOR JOBS THAT DO NOT EXIST



"Work is love made visible. And if you can't work with love, but only with distaste, it is better that you should leave your work and sit at the gate of the temple and take alms of the people who work with joy"

Gibran Khalil Gibran



Thank you!



